Glossary

| Chapter 2 | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| balance of trade | The difference between exports and imports in both goods and services. | | | | |
| cultural sensitivity | Awareness of local and national customs and their importance in effective interpersonal relationships. | | | | |
| culture shock | A group of physical and psychological symptoms that may develop when a person is abruptly placed in a foreign culture. | | | | |
| diversity | A mixture of people with different group identities within the same work environment. | | | | |
| diversity training | Training that attempts to bring about workplace harmony by teaching people how to get along better with diverse work associates. | | | | |
| employee network groups | A group composed of employees throughout the company who affiliate on the basis of group characteristics such as race, ethnicity, gender, sexual orientation, or physical ability status. | | | | |
| global leadership skills | The ability to effectively lead people from other cultures. | | | | |
| global start– up | A small firm that comes into existence by serving an international market. | | | | |
| multicultural worker | An individual who is convinced that all cultures are equally good and who enjoys learning about other cultures. | | | | |
| multinational corporation (MNC) | A firm with operating units in two or more countries in addition to its own. | | | | |
| offshoring | Global outsourcing. | | | | |
| outsourcing | The practice of hiring an individual or another company outside the organization to perform work. | | | | |
| transnational corporation | A special type of MNC that operates worldwide without having one national headquarters. | | | | |