



# RECORDS MANAGEMENT

## Judith Read and Mary Lea Ginn

### Chapter 9

### Numeric Records Management

# Numeric Records Storage and Retrieval

- Numeric records management
  - Is a system for arranging records based on numbers
  - Helps manage a large number of records
  - May be used by organizations that need to keep records confidential
  - Makes expanding files easy

# Consecutive Numbering

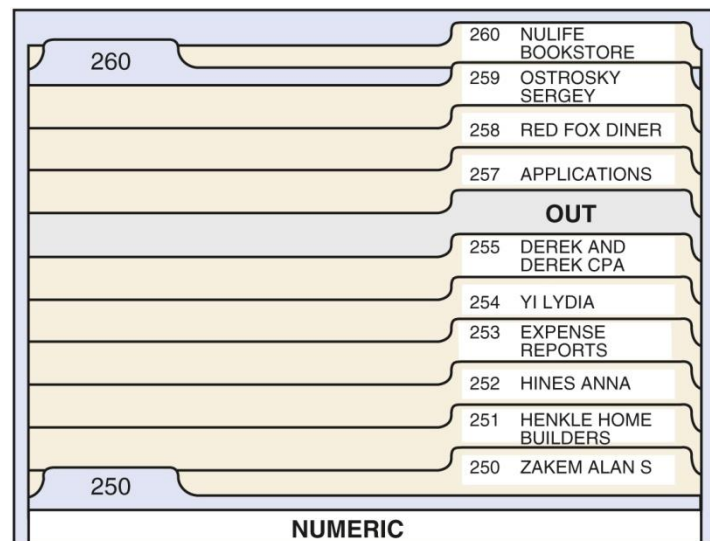
- Numbered records are arranged in ascending number order
- Numbers follow one after another without interruption
- An index must be referenced to locate a numbered record

# Consecutive Numbering Components

- Numbered guides and folders for the numeric file
- Alphabetic guides and folders for the general alphabetic file
- A lined book or software for an accession log
- Software for an alphabetic index

# Numbered Guides and Folders

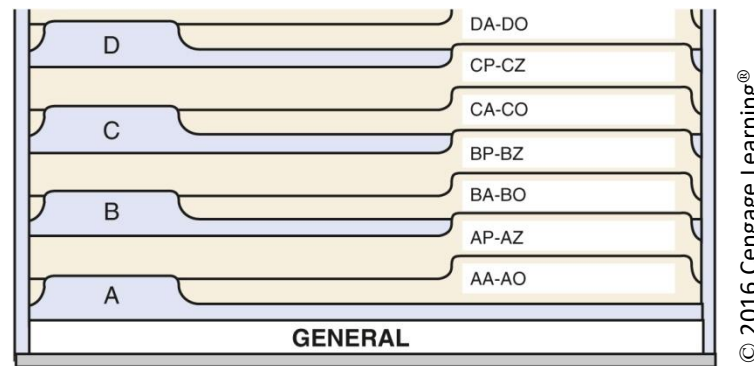
- Numbered primary guides divide the file into sections
- Numbered folders are placed behind the guides
- Folders may also show names or subjects



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# Alphabetic Guides and Folders

- Hold records of correspondents with only a few records
- Are placed at the beginning of the numeric file



# Accession Log

- Composed of a serial list of numbers assigned to records
- Includes the date of the assignment
- Indicates the next number to be assigned

FILE NO	NAME OR SUBJECT	DATE
525	Norwood Christian Church	5/18/20--
526	Astroturf Applications	5/10/20--
527	Liang Yang	7/12/20--
528	EZ Service Center	11/22/20--

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# Alphabetic Index

- A reference to a numeric file
  - Organized alphabetically
  - Used to find the number assigned to a name or subject
  - Also called a *relative index*

NAMES AND SUBJECTS	FILE NO.
A1 Moving & Storage	529
Astroturf Applications	526
Borrowed Time Antiques	533
BT Heating & Cooling	535
Colyer James	531

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# Storage and Retrieval Procedures

- Inspect records for release marks
- Index to determine the filing segment by which to store each record



Release marks (RLG) indicate that the document is ready for coding.

# Storage and Retrieval Procedures

- Code the filing segment and identify any needed cross-references
- Assign file code numbers to a correspondent or subject

<u>L</u>	<u>/</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>/</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>/</u>	<u>M</u>	<u>/</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>/</u>	<u>Advertising</u>	<u>/</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>Agency</u>	<u>122</u>
80 Second Avenue														
New York, NY 10022-1421														
Telephone: 212-555-0146 Fax: 212-555-0187														
www.l&mads.com														

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# Storage and Retrieval Procedures

- Code all units in the cross-reference name or subject
- File all cross-references in the general alphabetic file

Dear Ms. Melena

Your ad with Kirkman<sup>1</sup>/Products<sup>2</sup>/Inc.<sup>3</sup> is well under way. Executives at Kirkman are more than a little excited about the advertising tie-in with your company. We have a two-page ad for spring distribution we would like to share with you and Juan Ramos, Advertising Director at Kirkman. X

Juan is eager to complete the work on this campaign. By the way, Kirkman is also willing to supply a personal appearance of one of its product designers for your spring exhibition. Kirkman has agreed to pay \$47,000 for the first spring as if you will handle all productions costs. We can work out these arrangements in more detail at our joint meeting.

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# Storage and Retrieval Procedures

- Perform an initial alphabetic sorting before assigning file code numbers or the letter *G*
- Assign all necessary codes and place the records into numeric or alphabetic sorters
- Store all records coded with numbers in folders with the most recent date on top
- Store records coded *G* in the general alphabetic folders

# Storage and Retrieval Procedures

- Retrieving
  - Use requisitions, OUT indicators, and a charge-out log when removing records from storage
  - Follow the appropriate procedures to ensure the safe return of borrowed records
  - A database filter or query could be used to show all borrowed OUT files, sorted by date

# Converting to Numeric Storage

- An organization may convert to numeric storage
  - To provide quicker storage and retrieval
  - For increased security
- Follow established steps to convert files from an alphabetic to a numeric arrangement

# Consecutive Number Storage

- Advantages
  - Expansion is easy and unlimited
  - All cross-references are in the alphabetic name database
  - Files are secure because names do not appear on captions
- Disadvantages
  - An index is required to retrieve records—an indirect access method
  - Sorting takes longer
  - Congestion occurs at the end of the file

# Nonconsecutive Numbering

- Terminal-digit storage
  - Numbers are divided into groups
  - The last group is the primary division under which a record is filed
- Middle-digit storage
  - Numbers are divided into groups
  - The middle group is the primary division for filing
- Chronologic storage
  - Holds records arranged by date in reverse or forward sequence



# Other Numeric Coding Systems

- Block-numeric coding
- Duplex-numeric coding
- Decimal-numeric coding
- Alphanumeric coding

MGT-MANAGEMENT	
MGT-01	RECORDS MANAGEMENT
MGT-01-01	STORAGE EQUIPMENT
MGT-01-02	FILING SYSTEMS
MGT-01-02-01	PHYSICAL
MGT-01-02-02	ELECTRONIC
MGT-01-02-03	PROCEDURES MANUAL

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Alphanumeric coding uses letters and numbers to identify records.

# Databases for Numeric Storage

- Software can simplify creating the accession log and the alphabetic index
- Separate fields are needed for each part of the number for middle-digit or terminal-digit files

Primary	Secondary	Tertiary	Name or Subject	Date
9485	64	502	WXTV	9/30/20--
9485	64	498	Cleaning Supplies	9/14/20--
9284	64	502	Chou Meiling	10/02/20--
6314	29	287	Balawi Vincent	10/03/20--
6314	28	947	GlorePost Dorothy CPA	9/24/20--

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